HIV by Race/Ethnicity in Maryland, 2017
September 2018

New HIV Diagnoses in Maryland

- Of the 1,040 reported new HIV diagnoses in 2017 in Maryland, 70.8% were among NH-Blacks and 14.2% were NH-White.
- AIDS diagnosis rates in 2017 were 1-10 times higher among NH-Blacks (27.8 per 100,000) compared to all other races.

Characteristics of Marylanders Living with HIV

- 74.2% of the 30,566 Marylanders living with diagnosed HIV (with or without AIDS) in 2017 were NH-Black.
- HIV case rates are highest among NH-Blacks (1,509.8 per 100,000 people), which is 10 times higher than the NH-White rate (146.5). 1 in 66 NH-Blacks in Maryland were diagnosed with HIV.
- High HIV case rates were also experienced by NH-Multiracial (1,910.7) and Hispanic (433.2) individuals, with 1 in 230 Hispanics in Maryland living with HIV.
- 52.3% of NH-American Indian/Alaskan Native cases and 41.5% of NH-Black cases reported HET exposure, while MSM was the most common exposure among NH-White (61.7%), NH-Asian (55.3%), and Hispanic (50.1%) living HIV cases.
- Of the total Maryland living HIV cases who had a viral load test reported in 2017, viral suppression was lowest among NH-Blacks (82.6%).

Center for HIV Surveillance, Epidemiology and Evaluation Prevention and Health Promotion Administration Maryland Department of Health http://phpa.health.maryland.gov/OIDEOR/CHSE

Multiple imputation was used to estimate and adjust for missing transmission category.
Data represents adults and adolescents (ages 13+) only.
Data reported through 06/30/2018 from the Enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System.